UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT NORTHERN DISTRICT OF ALABAMA

2020 MAR 30 A 11: 28

IN RE: The National Emergency Declared on March 13, 2020

GENERAL ORDER NUMBER 2020-03 AUTHORIZING USE OF VIDEO AND AUDIO TO CONDUCT CRIMINAL PROCEEDINGS

On March 13, 2020, the President of the United States declared a national emergency as a result of the Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) pandemic. Congress subsequently passed the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act, H.R. 748 (the CARES Act) which was signed into law by the President. This Act authorizes the use of both video and telephone conferencing to conduct various criminal case events under certain circumstances.

On March 27, 2020, the Judicial Conference of the United States determined that emergency conditions, due to the national emergency declared by the President under the National Emergencies Act (50 U.S.C. § 1601 et seq.), with respect to the Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) have materially affected and will materially affect the functioning of the federal courts generally.

The CARES Act authorizes this Court, on its own motion, or upon application of the Attorney General of the United States or his designee, to authorize the use of video teleconferencing, or audio teleconferencing if video teleconferencing is not reasonably available, for the following criminal case events (Events):

- (A) Detention hearings under section 3142 of title 18, United States Code.
- (B) Initial appearances under Rule 5 of the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure.
- (C) Preliminary hearings under Rule 5.1 of the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure.
- (D) Waivers of indictment under Rule 7(b) of the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure.
- (E) Arraignments under Rule 10 of the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure.
- (F) Probation and supervised release revocation proceedings under Rule 32.1 of the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure.
- (G) Pretrial release revocation proceedings under section 3148 of title18, United States Code.
- (H) Appearances under Rule 40 of the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure.

- (I) Misdemeanor pleas and sentencings as described in Rule 43(b)(2) of the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure.
- (J) Proceedings under chapter 403 of title 18, United States Code (commonly known as the "Federal Juvenile Delinquency Act"), except for contested transfer hearings and juvenile delinquency adjudication or trial proceedings.

The CARES Act conditions the authorization of the use of video teleconferencing, or audio teleconferencing if video teleconferencing is not reasonably available, for these Events upon the consent of the Defendant.

The CARES Act further authorizes this Court, on its own motion, or upon application of the Attorney General of the United States or his designee, to authorize the use of video teleconferencing, or audio teleconferencing if video teleconferencing is not reasonably available, to conduct felony plea proceedings under Rule 11 of the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure and felony sentencings under Rule 32 of the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure. The CARES Act conditions this authorization, however, upon this Court specifically finding that these particular proceedings cannot be conducted in person without seriously jeopardizing public health and safety. The CARES Act also conditions this authorization upon the district judge in each particular case finding, for specific reasons, that the plea or sentencing in that case cannot be further delayed without serious harm to the interests of justice.

Finally, the CARES Act requires the consent of the Defendant.

Currently, there are more than 800 confirmed cases of COVID-19 in Alabama, and many county and municipal authorities have entered "stay-at-home" or other quarantine orders to help prevent the spread of the virus.

This Court, on its own motion, authorizes the use of video teleconferencing, or audio teleconferencing if video teleconferencing is not reasonably available, to conduct all of the criminal case events described in the foregoing paragraphs (Events) with the consent of the Defendant.

Further, this Court, on its own motion, specifically finds that felony plea proceedings under Rule 11 of the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure and felony sentencings under Rule 32 of the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure cannot be conducted in person, in this district, without seriously jeopardizing public health and safety. As such, in the event the district judge in a particular case finds for specific reasons that the plea or sentencing in that case cannot be further delayed without serious harm to the interests of justice, and the Defendant consents, that proceeding may be conducted by the use of video teleconferencing, or audio teleconferencing if video teleconferencing is not reasonably available.

This authority extends to a similar hearing under the Federal Juvenile Delinquency Act, 18 U.S.C. § 403.

This authority, which is effective for ninety (90) days unless ordered otherwise, terminates on the last day of the national emergency which was declared by the President on March 13, 2020, or the day on which the Judicial Conference of the United States determines that the emergency no longer materially affects the United States courts or this district, whichever occurs first.

To the extent inconsistent with this Order, any order in this district is hereby SUPERSEDED.

IT IS SO ORDERED on the 30th day of March, 2020.

L. Scott Coogler

Chief U.S. District Judge Northern District of Alabama